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#### **LIQUIDE RESINE KM BACK - 04062**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: LIQUIDE RESINE KM BACK

Product code: 04062.

LIQUID RESIN KM-BACK / HARTER KM-BACK

UFI: YU30-M09P-F002-XSDT

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Resin coating

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: PRESI S.A.S.

Address: 11 Rue du vercors.38320.EYBENS.France.

Telephone: +33 (0)4.76.72.00.21. Fax: +33 (0)4.76.72.05.84.

presi@presi.com www.presi.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1.45.42.59.59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 2 (Flam. Liq. 2, H225).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H335).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:





GHS02 GHS07

Signal Word: DANGER

Product identifiers:

EC 201-297-1 METHYL METHACRYLATE

EC 221-359-1 N,N-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-P-TOLUIDINE

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.



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Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...]equipment.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/ ...

Precautionary statements - Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or

shower].

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statements - Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC)  $\geq$  0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

**Composition:** 

Composition:			
Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 80-62-6	GHS07, GHS02	D	x % > 90
EC: 201-297-1	Dgr	[1]	
REACH: 01-2119452498-28	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
METHYL METHACRYLATE	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
CAS: 3077-12-1	GHS07, GHS05		1<= x % < 2.5
EC: 221-359-1	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2120791684-40-xxxx	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
N,N-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-P-TOLUIDII	N Eye Dam. 1, H318		
E	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		

#### **Specific concentration limits:**

Specific concentration minus.		
Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 80-62-6		inhalation: ATE = 29.8 mg/l
EC: 201-297-1		(dust/mist)
REACH: 01-2119452498-28		oral: ATE = 7900 mg/kg BW
METHYL METHACRYLATE		
CAS: 3077-12-1		oral: ATE = 959 mg/kg BW
EC: 221-359-1		
REACH: 01-2120791684-40-xxxx		
N,N-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-P-TOLUIDIN		
E		

### Information on ingredients:

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

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#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

#### 4.1. description of first aid measures

#### In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids

Consult a physician if necessary

#### In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

#### In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- dry sand
- powder
- sprayed water or water mist

Alcohol resistante foam

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.



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In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- nitrogen oxide (NO)
- nitrogen dioxide (NO2)

N/A

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For non first aid worker

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

Absorb with a liquid-binding substance (sand, diatomite, acid binder, universal binder).

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

## Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always ground when decanting. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and make floors of non-conductive

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

#### **LIQUIDE RESINE KM BACK - 04062**

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in the original container at a temperature not exceeding 25°C

#### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

#### **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union	1(2022/431,	2019/1831,	2017/2398,	2017/164,	2009/161.	, 2006/15/CE,	2000/39/CE, 98/24/CI	Ξ):
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CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes:
80-62-6	-	50	-	100	-

#### - ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria:
80-62-6	50 ppm	100 ppm		SEN: A4	

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022) :

CAS	VME:	VME:	Excess	Notes
80-62-6		50 ppm		2(I)
		$210 \text{ mg/m}^3$		

#### - Canada / Ontario (Control of exposure to biological or chemical agents, regulation 491/2009):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
80-62-6	50 ppm	100 ppm	-	-	-

- Canada / Quebec (Regulations on occupational health and safety):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition:	Criteria:
80-62-6	50 ppm 205 mg/m3			S	

- France (INRS - Outils 65 / 2021-1849, 2021-1763, decree of 09/12/2021):

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
80-62-6	50	205	100	410	-	82

- Japan (JSOH, Recommendation of occupational exposure limits 2021-2022):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
80-62-6	8.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

- Switzerland (Suva 2021):

CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations
80-62-6	50 ppm	100 ppm		
	210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	420 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		



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- USA / NIOSH IDLH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
80-62-6	100 ppm				
	410 mg/m3				

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
80-62-6	50 ppm	100 ppm			
	$208 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$416 \text{ mg/m}^3$			

### Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

N,N-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-P-TOLUIDINE (CAS: 3077-12-1)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.47 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 3.29 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Man exposed via the environment.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.16 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.17 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.58 mg of substance/m3

METHYL METHACRYLATE (CAS: 80-62-6)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 13.67 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 416 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 348.4 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 208 mg of substance/m3



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Final use: Man exposed via the environment.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 8.2 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 8.2 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 74.3 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 20 mg of substance/m3

### Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

N,N-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-P-TOLUIDINE (CAS: 3077-12-1)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 0.009 mg/kg

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Environmental compartment:} & \mbox{Fresh water.} \\ \mbox{PNEC:} & \mbox{0.026 mg/l} \end{array}$ 

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.003 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.121 mg/kg

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Environmental compartment:} & \mbox{Marine sediment.} \\ \mbox{PNEC:} & \mbox{0.012 mg/kg} \end{array}$ 

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 10 mg/l

METHYL METHACRYLATE (CAS: 80-62-6)

Environmental compartment: Soil. PNEC: 1.48 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.94 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.094 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 10.2 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.102 mg/kg

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Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant. PNEC: 10 mg/l

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):







Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

#### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

#### - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

#### - Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- A1 (Brown)

#### **LIQUIDE RESINE KM BACK - 04062**

SECTION 9:1	PHYSICAL AND	CHEMICAL I	PROPERTIES
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9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state: Fluid liquid.

Colour

Color: Colorless

Odour

Odour: Characteristic odor

Odour threshold: Not stated.

**Melting point** 

Melting point/melting range: Not specified.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range: Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range: 100 °C.

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%):

Not stated.

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%):

Not stated.

Flash point

Flash Point: 10.00 °C.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Self-ignition temperature : 435 °C.

**Decomposition temperature** 

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

pН

pH: Not relevant.
pH (aqueous solution): Not stated.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Not stated.

**Solubility** 

Water solubility: Insoluble.
Fat solubility: Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C): Not relevant.

Vapor pressure (20 °C)

Density and/or relative density

Density: 0.94482 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

9.2. Other information

VOC (g/l): 860

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.



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#### **Explosives**

The product is not explosive; however, explosive vapour-air mixtures may form.

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization with release of heat.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

#### Avoid:

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- strong oxidising agents
- amines
- peroxides

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- nitrogen oxide (NO)
- nitrogen dioxide (NO2)

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Respiratory tract irritation may occur, together with symptoms such as coughing, choking and breathing difficulties.

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

### 11.1.1. Substances

### Acute toxicity:

N,N-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-P-TOLUIDINE (CAS: 3077-12-1)

LD50 = 959 mg/kg bodyweight/day Oral route:

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)



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METHYL METHACRYLATE (CAS: 80-62-6)

Oral route: LD50 = 7900 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Rat

Dermal route: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Guinea pig

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) : LC50 = 29.8 mg/l

Species: Rat

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

Irritating to skin

Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Can cause a skin allergy

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

11.2. Information on other hazards

#### **SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.1. Substances

N,N-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-P-TOLUIDINE (CAS: 3077-12-1)

Fish toxicity: LC50 > 100 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 48 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna Duration of exposure: 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 100 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

NOEC = 100 mg/l Duration of exposure : 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

METHYL METHACRYLATE (CAS: 80-62-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 33.7 mg/l

OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test)

NOEC = 9.4 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 35 days

OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 69 mg/l

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Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

EPA OTS 797.1300 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test, Freshwater Daphnids)

EC50 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna Duration of exposure: 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

NOEC = 37 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 110 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

EC50 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

NOEC = 110 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

#### **12.1.2. Mixtures**

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## 12.2.1. Substances

N,N-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-P-TOLUIDINE (CAS: 3077-12-1)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

METHYL METHACRYLATE (CAS: 80-62-6)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

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#### LIQUIDE RESINE KM BACK - 04062

### German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws):

WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for water.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2020 [40-20] - ICAO/IATA 2023 [64]).

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

1247

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1247=METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER, STABILIZED

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



#### 14.4. Packing group

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F1	II	3	339	1 L	386 676	E2	2	D/E
										_
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage	Segregation	
								Handling		
	3	-	II	1 L	F-E. S-D	386	E2	Category C	-	
								SW1 SW2		
										_
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	3	-	II	353	5 L	364	60 L	A209	E2	

Y341 For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

II

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

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#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

#### **Container information:**

No data available.

#### Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

#### **Explosives precursors:**

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

#### Particular provisions:

No data available.

#### German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws):

WGK 1 : Slightly hazardous for water.

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

#### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Abbreviations and acronyms:

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

NOEC: The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW: Body Weight

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC : Predicted No-Effect Concentration UFI : Unique formulation identifier.



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STEL : Short-term exposure limit TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02: Flame

GHS07: Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.