

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

### SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : PENETRANT ROUGE Product code : 07011.

DYE PENETRANT AEROSOL (RED) / SPRAY DIFFUSION ROT

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

# **1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Registered company name : PRESI S.A.S.

Address : 11 Rue du vercors.38320.EYBENS.France.

Telephone : +33 (0)4.76.72.00.21. Fax : +33 (0)4.76.72.05.84.

presi@presi.com

www.presi.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1.45.42.59.59.

Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

# **SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 (Carc. 2, H351).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (STOT RE 2, H373).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

The propellant gas is not taken into account when determining the health and environmental classification of the mixture.

# 2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : DANGER Product identifiers : DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDRO- TREATED LIGHT EC 265-149-8 Hazard statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336 H351 Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled, if swallowed, in H373 contact with skin). H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statements - Prevention	:
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Precautionary statements - Response :	
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ if you feel unwell.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Precautionary statements - Storage :	
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
1.2 Other herende	

# 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 59 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

# SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2. Mixtures

Composition : Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
EC: 919-164-8	GHS08		x % < 40
	Dgr		
C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES,	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
CYCLENES	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
	EUH066		
CAS: 64742-47-8	GHS07, GHS08	[i]	x % < 20
EC: 265-149-8	Dgr		
	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDRO-	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
TREATED LIGHT	STOT SE 3, H336		
	EUH066		
INDEX: 649-424-00-3	GHS08		x % < 20
CAS: 64742-94-5	Dgr		
EC: 265-198-5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM),			
HEAVY AROM.			
INDEX: 601-003-00-5	GHS02, GHS04	[i]	x % < 20
CAS: 74-98-6	Dgr		
EC: 200-827-9	Flam. Gas 1A, H220		
REACH: 01-2119486944-21			
PROPANE			
INDEX: 601-004-00-0	GHS02, GHS04	С	x % < 20
CAS: 106-97-8	Dgr	[i]	
EC: 203-448-7	Flam. Gas 1A, H220	[vii]	
BUTANE			



CAS: 196823-11-7	GHS07		x % < 10
	Wng		
OXIRANE, METHYL-, POLYMER WITH	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
OXIRANE, MONOISOTRIDECYL ETHER,			
BLOCK			
CAS: 57712-94-4	GHS08	[ii]	x % < 1
EC: 260-913-7	Wng		
	Carc. 2, H351		
SOLVENT RED 19			
CAS: 56358-09-9	GHS07, GHS08		x % < 1
EC: 260-124-8	Dgr		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
AZO DYES	STOT SE 3, H336		
	EUH066		
EC: 926-273-4	GHS08	[ii]	x % < 1
	Wng		
HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, AROMATICS,	Carc. 2, H351		
>1% NAPHTHALENE			
EC: 919-284-0	GHS08	[ii]	x % < 1
	Wng		
HYDROCARBONS, C10, AROMATICS, >1%	Carc. 2, H351		
NAPHTHALENE			

### Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[i] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

[ii] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

[vii] Propellant gas

### **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

### 4.1. description of first aid measures

### In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

#### In the event of swallowing :

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.



### **SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam

- multipurpose ABC powder

- BC powder

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

# SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If the ground is contaminated, once the product has been recovered by sponging with an inert and non-combustible absorbent material, wash the contaminated area in plenty of water.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.



### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

# **SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

### Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

### **Recommended equipment and procedures :**

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not inhale vapours.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

### Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.



# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1. Control parameters

## **Occupational exposure limits :**

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
74-98-6	1000 ppm					
106-97-8	1000 ppm					
- Germany - AG	W (BAuA - TRGS	900, 02/2022) :				
CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes	7	
74-98-6		1000 ppm		4(II)	1	
		1800 mg/m3				
106-97-8		1000 ppm		4(II)	1	
		2400 mg/m3				
- Canada / Ontar	io (Control of expo		cal or chemical		on 491/2009) :	
CAS	TWA:	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
74-98-6	1.000 ppm					
106-97-8	800 ppm					]
- Canada / Ouebe	ec (Regulations on	occupational he	ealth and safety	):		_
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	]
74-98-6	1000 ppm					1
	1800 mg/m3					
106-97-8	800 ppm					
	1900 mg/m3					
- France (INRS -	Outils 65 / 2021-	1849. 2021-176	3. decree of 09/	(12/2021) :		_
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3		VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
106-97-8	800	1900				
- Japan (ISOH F	Recommendation o	foccupational e	ynosure limits	2021-2022) ·		
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	7
106-97-8	500 ppm	SILL.	coming .			-
100 37 0	1200 mg/m3					
- Switzerland (Su			1			1
CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafon	d Notations	7	
64742-47-8	5 mg/m3	VLL		SSC	-	
74-98-6	1000 ppm	4000 ppm		550	-	
/ 1 90 0	1800 mg/m3	7200 mg/m3				
106-97-8	800 ppm	3200 ppm			-	
100 97 0	1900 mg/m3	7600 mg/m3				
			national Safaty	and Haalth Im	⊣ madiatalu Dana	erous to Life or Health Concentrations) :
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
74-98-6	1000 ppm	SILL.	Cennig .	Demittion .		-
/4-98-0	1800 mg/m3					
106-97-8	800 ppm					-
100-77-0	1900 mg/m3					
		limita EII40/20	05 Equate E 14	Han 2020) :	1	
CAS	orkplace exposure	STEL :			Critoria :	7
LAS 106-97-8	TWA:		Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	4
100-97-8	600 ppm	750 ppm		Carc		
	1450 mg/m3	1810 mg/m3				

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Neoprene® (Polychloroprene)

# - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing, in particular overalls and boots. These items must be kept in good condition and cleaned after use.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

### - Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149/A1.

Category :

- FFP1

- FFP3

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

- A3 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P1 (White)

- P3 (White)



SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PR	OPERTIES
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical	properties
<b>Physical state</b> Physical state :	Fluid liquid. Spray.
Colour Color:	Red
<b>Odour</b> Odour threshold : Odour:	Not stated. Almost odorless
Melting point Melting point/melting range :	Not specified.
<b>Freezing point</b> Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.
<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling</b> Boiling point/boiling range :	<b>range</b> 195 - 263 °C
<b>Flammability</b> Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.
Lower and upper explosion limit Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%)	0.6
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%)	)7
<b>Flash point</b> Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
Auto-ignition temperature Self-ignition temperature :	Not specified.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b> Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not specified.
<b>рН</b> pH : pH (aqueous solution) :	Not relevant. Not stated.
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b> Viscosity :	3 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
<b>Solubility</b> Water solubility : Fat solubility :	Soluble. Emulsion Not stated.
<b>Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)</b> Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.
<b>Vapour pressure</b> Vapour pressure (50°C) : Vapor pressure (20 °C)	Not relevant. 30 mbar
<b>Density and/or relative density</b> Density :	< 1
<b>Relative vapour density</b> Vapour density :	0.872 g/cm3
<b>Particle characteristics</b> The mixture does not contain nanoforms.	



### 9.2. Other information

### No data available.

# 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

#### Aerosols Chemical combustion heat :

>= 30 kJ/g.

### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

# SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- heating

- heat

#### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

Keep away from :

- strong oxidising agents

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance. Suspected human carcinogen.

May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

### 11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

#### 11.1.2. Mixture

#### Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

Oral route :

10 < C <= 50 mg/kg body weight/day



Dermal route :

 $20 < C \le 100 \text{ mg/kg body weight/day}$ 

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist/fumes) :

0.02 < C <= 0.025 mg/l/6hrs/day

11.2. Information on other hazards

# Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with effects on human health.

# SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

### 12.1. Toxicity

### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with environmental effects.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 2 : Hazardous for water.

### **SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

#### Codes of wastes (Decision 2014/955/EC, Directive 2008/98/EEC on hazardous waste) :

15 01 10 \* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

14 06 03 \* other solvents and solvent mixtures



### SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2022 [41-22] - ICAO/IATA 2024 [65]).

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

1950

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



2.1

### 14.4. Packing group

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# 14.5. Environmental hazards

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344	E0	2	D
							625			
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage	Segregation	
								Handling		
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D. S-U	63 190 277	E0	- SW1 SW22	SG69	

327 344 381 959

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167	EO
					_			A802	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167	E0
								A802	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

# **SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2020/217 (ATP 14)

### **Container information:**

No data available.

### Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.



#### **Explosives precursors :**

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

Particular provisions :

No data available.

#### German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 2 : Hazardous for water.

Swiss ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds :

106-97-8 n-butane 74-98-6 propane

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

No data avallable.

# **SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms :

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS08 : Health hazard

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.