

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

## SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : ALLCLEAN Product code : 19001-19002. UFI : N140-M0PG-2002-8FJX

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Degreaser soluble in water

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : PRESI S.A.S. Address : 11 Rue du vercors.38320.EYBENS.France.

Telephone : +33 (0)4.76.72.00.21. Fax : +33 (0)4.76.72.05.84.

presi@presi.com

## www.presi.com 1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1.45.42.59.59.

Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

## **SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Skin corrosion, Category 1B (Skin Corr. 1B, H314).

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Detergent mixture (see section 15).

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



$\mathbf{V}$	
GHS05	
Signal Word :	
DANGER	
Product identifiers :	
EC 215-687-4	SODIUM SILICATE
EC 215-185-5	SODIUM HYDROXIDE
Hazard statements :	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statemen	ts - Prevention :
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/
Precautionary statemen	ts - Response :
P301 + P330 + P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].



# P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

## 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

## SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2. Mixtures

Composition :			
Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 5131-66-8	GHS07		$2.5 \le x \% \le 10$
EC: 225-878-4	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119475527-28	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
3-BUTOXYPROPAN-2-OL			
CAS: 1344-09-8	GHS05		$2.5 \le x \% \le 10$
EC: 215-687-4	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119448725-31	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
SODIUM SILICATE			
CAS: 69011-36-5	GHS07, GHS05		1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 500-241-6	Dgr		
	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
ISOTRIDECANOL, ETHOXYLATED	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
CAS: 97489-15-1	GHS07, GHS05		$1 \le x \% \le 2.5$
EC: 307-055-2	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119489924-20	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
SODIUM C14-17 SEC ALKYL SULFONATE	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
CAS: 34590-94-8		[1]	$1 \le x \% \le 2.5$
EC: 252-104-2			
REACH: 01-2119450011-60			
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER			
CAS: 141-43-5	GHS06, GHS05	[1]	0 <= x % < 1
EC: 205-483-3	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119486455-28	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Acute Tox. 3, H311		
2-AMINOETHANOL	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
CAS: 1310-73-2	GHS05	[1]	0 <= x % < 1
EC: 215-185-5	Dgr		
	0		
SODIUM HYDROXIDE			
REACH: 01-2119457892-27 SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314		



Specific concentration limits:		
Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 5131-66-8		oral: ATE = 1900 mg/kg BW
EC: 225-878-4		
REACH: 01-2119475527-28		
3-BUTOXYPROPAN-2-OL		
CAS: 1344-09-8	Skin Irrit. 2: H315 >=10%	oral: ATE = $11253 \text{ mg/kg BW}$
EC: 215-687-4	Eye Dam. 1: H318 C>= 3%	
REACH: 01-2119448725-31	Eye Irrit. 2: H319 1% <= C < 3%	
SODIUM SILICATE		
CAS: 69011-36-5		dermal: ATE = 5960 mg/kg BW
EC: 500-241-6		
ISOTRIDECANOL, ETHOXYLATED		
CAS: 34590-94-8		dermal: ATE = 9500 mg/kg BW
EC: 252-104-2		oral: ATE = 5350 mg/kg BW
REACH: 01-2119450011-60		
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER		
CAS: 141-43-5		dermal: $ATE = 1000 \text{ mg/kg BW}$
EC: 205-483-3		oral: ATE = 1720 mg/kg BW
REACH: 01-2119486455-28		
2-AMINOETHANOL		1 1 1 1 TE 1250 / DUV
CAS: 1310-73-2	Skin Corr. 1A: H314 C>= 5%	dermal: ATE = $1350 \text{ mg/kg BW}$
EC: 215-185-5	Skin Corr. 1B: H314 2% <= C < 5%	oral: ATE = 325 mg/kg BW
REACH: 01-2119457892-27	Skin Irrit. 2: H315 0.5% <= C < 2%	
	Eye Dam. 1: H318 $C \ge 2\%$	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Eye Irrit. 2: H319 0.5% <= C < 2%	

#### Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

## **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor. NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

#### 4.1. description of first aid measures

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist

## In the event of exposure by inhalation :

Move to fresh air

If symptoms persist, call a physician

## In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove any soiled or splashed clothing immediately.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital. Wash well with water

#### In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.



Do not induce vomiting without medical advice	
Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious per	'son.
Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acu	ite and delayed
Eye contact:	Corrosive. Causes burns which may result in corneal dammage with possible loss of sight.
Skin contact:	Corrosive. Causes burns and possible scarring or deep ulceration.
Ingestion:	Ingestion can cause severe burns to the mouth, throat, digestive tract.
Inhalation:	Inhalation of mist may cause severe respiratory tract burns.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention a	and special treatment needed
The product causes burns to eyes, skin and mucous r	nembranes.

## **SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- powder

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

N/A

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus

## SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Depending on the risk of exposure, wear gloves, goggles, and protective clothing

#### For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

The interveners will be equipped with appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Neutralise with an acidic decontaminant.

If the ground is contaminated, once the product has been recovered by sponging with an inert and non-combustible absorbent material, wash the contaminated area in plenty of water.



Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

## SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

To dilute for use

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapours/spray.

Ensure proper ventilation.

## Fire prevention :

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### **Recommended equipment and procedures :**

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep the container tightly closed in a cool, well ventilated place Store in original container.

#### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits :**

- European Union (2022/431, 2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
34590-94-8	308	50	-	-	Peau
141-43-5	2.5	1	7.6	3	Peau

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
34590-94-8	100 ppm	150 ppm		Skin	
141-43-5	3 ppm	6 ppm			
1310-73-2			2 mg/m3		

#### - Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
34590-94-8		50 ppm		1(I)
		310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
141-43-5		0.2 ppm		1(I)
		0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		



	o (Control of exp TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
1310-73-2	-	-	2 mg/m3	-	-	
Canada / Quebe	c (Regulations on	occupational he		):		
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
34590-94-8	100 ppm	150 ppm	8	Pc		_
	606 mg/m3	909 mg/m3				
141-43-5	3 ppm	6 ppm				
	7.5 mg/m3	15 mg/m3				
1310-73-2		<u> </u>	2 mg/m3	RP		
France (INRS -	Outils 65 / 2021-	1849. 2021-176	B. decree of 09/	(12/2021) :		
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3		VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
34590-94-8	50	308	-	-	*	84
141-43-5	1	2.5	3	7.6	-	49. 49 Bis
1310-73-2	-	2	-	-	-	-
	ecommendation of	of occupational e	xposure limits	2021-2022) ·		
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
141-43-5	3 ppm	SILL.	Sening .	Semition .	Sincina .	
111 15 5	$7.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$					
1310-73-2	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$					
Switzerland (Su	¥		•			
CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafon	d Notations	7	
34590-94-8	50 ppm	50 ppm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	
	$300 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$300 \text{ mg/m}^3$				
141-43-5	2 ppm	4 ppm			1	
	$5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$10 \text{ mg/m}^3$				
1310-73-2	2 ppm	2 ppm			1	
USA / NIOSH I			national Safety	and Health. Im	_ nediately Dans	gerous to Life or Health Concentra
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
34590-94-8	100 ppm	150 ppm	8	skin		
	600  mg/m3	900 mg/m3				
141-43-5	3 ppm	6 ppm				
	8  mg/m3	15  mg/m3				
1310-73-2	0	<u> </u>	2 mg/m3			
1310-73-2	rkplace exposure	limits, EH40/20	05. Fourth Edit	tion 2020) :		
	mee emposate	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
UK / WEL (Wo				Sk		
UK / WEL (Wo CAS	TWA:			JOK		
UK / WEL (Wo	TWA : 50 ppm					
UK / WEL (Wo CAS	TWA:	3 ppm		Sk		_
UK / WEL (Wo: CAS 34590-94-8	TWA : 50 ppm 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>					_

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL : Workers. Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 1 mg of substance/m3

Man exposed via the environment. Inhalation. Long term local effects. 1 mg of substance/m3



#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

#### - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Natural latex
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

- Neoprene® (Polychloroprene)

Short-term use (eg occasional contact or splash protection): NBR 0.4 mm or PVC 0.7 mm.

Use by soaking or immersion: Neoprene 0.4 mm, permeation time > 480 mm.

#### - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing and, in particular, an apron and boots. These items of clothing shall be maintained in good condition and cleaned after use.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

#### - Respiratory protection

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P2 (White)
- P3 (White)

Breathing apparatus needed only when aerosol or mist is formed



ECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTI	IES
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properti	ies
Physical state	
Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
Colour	
Color:	Light green
Odour	
Odour threshold :	Not stated.
Odour:	N/A
Melting point	
Melting point/melting range :	-5 °C.
Freezing point	
Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	
Boiling point/boiling range :	100 °C.
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Flash point	
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
Auto-ignition temperature	
Self-ignition temperature :	Not relevant.
Decomposition temperature	
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not relevant.
рН	
pH:	13.00 .
	Strongly basic.
pH (aqueous solution) :	Not stated.
Kinematic viscosity	
Viscosity :	Not stated.
Solubility	
Water solubility :	Soluble.
Fat solubility :	Not stated.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.
Vapour pressure	
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.
Density and/or relative density	
Density :	1.14
Relative vapour density	
Vapour density :	Not stated.
9.2. Other information	
VOC (g/l) :	74.10
% VOC :	6.5 % (w/w)



No data available.

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

## SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Not considered highly reactive.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The mixture itself will not react dangerously or polymerize to create hazardous conditions under normal use.

#### **10.4.** Conditions to avoid

Avoid :

- frost

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- strong acids

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

None

## **SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis, following exposure between three minutes and one hour.

Corrosive reactions are typified by ulcers, bleeding, bloody scabs, and, by the end of observation at 14 days, by discolouration due to blanching of the skin, complete areas of alopecia, and scars.

## 11.1.1. Substances

#### Acute toxicity :

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 1310-73-2) Oral route :	LD50 = 325 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 = 1350 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rabbit
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS: 141-43-5) Oral route :	LD50 = 1720 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 = 1000 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rabbit
Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :	LC50 > 1.3 mg/l Species : Rat Duration of exposure : 4 h



DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (C Oral route :	AS: 34590-94-8) LD50 = 5350 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 = 9500 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rabbit
ISOTRIDECANOL, ETHOXYLATED (CAS: 690 Oral route :	)11-36-5) LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 = 5960 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rabbit
Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :	LC50 > 1.6 mg/l Species : Rat
SODIUM SILICATE (CAS: 1344-09-8) Oral route :	LD50 = 11253 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rat
3-BUTOXYPROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 5131-66-8) Oral route :	LD50 = 1900 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day Species : Rat

## 11.1.2. Mixture

## Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

The 'corrosive' classification is based on the low/high pH which has been confirmed by tests.

## **11.2. Information on other hazards**

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
12.1. Toxicity	
12.1.1. Substances SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 1310-73-2)	
Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 45.4 mg/l Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS: 141-43-5)	
Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 227 mg/l Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 65 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 15 mg/l Species : Desmodesmus subspicatus



	Duration of exposure : 72 h						
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (C Fish toxicity :	AS: 34590-94-8) LC50 > 10000 mg/l Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h						
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 1919 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h						
3-BUTOXYPROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 5131-66-8) Fish toxicity :	LC50 > 10000 mg/l Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h						
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 1919 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h						
SODIUM SILICATE (CAS: 1344-09-8)	SODILIM SILICATE (CAS: 1344.00.8)						
Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 301 mg/l Species : Lepomis macrochirus Duration of exposure : 96 h						
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 216 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 96 h						
12.1.2. Mixtures							
No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.							
12.2. Persistence and degradability							
12.2.1. Substances							
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 1310-73-2) Biodegradability :	no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.						
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS: 141-43-5) Biodegradability :	no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.						
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (C Biodegradability :	AS: 34590-94-8) no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.						
SODIUM SILICATE (CAS: 1344-09-8) Biodegradability :	no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.						
3-BUTOXYPROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 5131-66-8) Biodegradability :	no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.						



#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Soluble in water

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

#### German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 1 : Slightly hazardous for water.

## SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

## Codes of wastes (Decision 2014/955/EC, Directive 2008/98/EEC on hazardous waste) :

20 01 29 \* detergents containing dangerous substances

07 06 01 \* aqueous washing liquids and mother liquors

## **SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2020 [40-20] - ICAO/IATA 2023 [64]).

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

3266

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN3266=CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

(sodium hydroxide)

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



8

14.4. Packing group

III

14.5. Environmental hazards



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	8	C5	III	8	80	5 L	274	E1	3	Е
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation	
	8	-	III	5 L	F-A. S-B	223 274	E1	Category A SW2	SGG18 SG35	

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	8	-	III	852	5 L	856	60 L	A3 A803	E1
	8	-	III	Y841	1 L	-	-	A3 A803	E1

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **Classification and labelling information included in section 2:**

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

#### **Container information:**

No data available.

#### Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

#### Explosives precursors :

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

#### **Particular provisions :**

No data available.

#### Labelling for detergents (EC Regulation No. 648/2004,907/2006) :

- less than 5% of: anionic surfactants
- less than 5% of: amphoteric surfactants
- less than 5% of: non-ionic surfactants

#### German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 1 : Slightly hazardous for water.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

## **SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

#### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.



H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Abbreviations and acronyms :

LD50 : The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW : Body Weight

DNEL : Derived No-Effect Level

UFI : Unique formulation identifier.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS05 : Corrosion

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.