## PRESI S.A.S

### REACTIF DE CATELLA - 17322-17320

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: REACTIF DE CATELLA

Product code: 17322-17320. UFI: KH30-K0J3-7003-9E2J

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: PRESI S.A.S.

Address: 11 Rue du vercors.38320.EYBENS.France.

Telephone: +33 (0)4.76.72.00.21. Fax: +33 (0)4.76.72.05.84.

presi@presi.com www.presi.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1.45.42.59.59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 2 (Flam. Liq. 2, H225).

This mixture does not present a health hazard with the exception of possible occupational exposure thresholds (see paragraphs 3 and 8).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

### 2.2. Label elements

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS02

Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or

shower].

Precautionary statements - Storage:

P403 + P235Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

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The mixture does not contain substances = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.2. Mixtures

### **Composition:**

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 64-17-5	GHS02	[1]	50 <= x % < 100
EC: 200-578-6	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119457610-43-0000	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
ETHANOL			
CAS: 64-19-7	GHS05, GHS02	В	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 200-580-7	Dgr	[1]	2.5 × A /0 × 10
REACH: 01-2119475328-30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[[1]	
	Skin Corr. 1A, H314		
ACETIC ACID	, in the second		
EC: 231-595-7	GHS05, GHS07	В	2.5 <= x % < 10
REACH: 01-2119484862-27	Dgr		
	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	STOT SE 3, H335		
CAS: 88-89-1	GHS06, GHS01	[1]	$1 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 201-865-9	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2120763587-40-0000	Expl. 1,1, H201		
	Acute Tox. 3, H301		
2,4,6-TRINITROPHENOL	Acute Tox. 3, H311		
	Acute Tox. 3, H331		

**Specific concentration limits:** 

Specific concentration films.		
Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 64-17-5		inhalation: ATE = 51 mg/l
EC: 200-578-6		(vapours)
REACH: 01-2119457610-43-0000		oral: ATE = $10470 \text{ mg/kg BW}$
ETHANOL		
CAS: 64-19-7	Skin Corr. 1A: H314 C>= 90%	
EC: 200-580-7	Skin Corr. 1B: H314 25% <= C < 90%	
REACH: 01-2119475328-30	Skin Irrit. 2: H315 10% <= C < 25%	
	Eye Dam. 1: H318 C>= 25%	
ACETIC ACID	Eye Irrit. 2: H319 10% <= C < 25%	
EC: 231-595-7	Skin Corr. 1B: H314 C>= 25%	
REACH: 01-2119484862-27	Skin Irrit. 2: H315 10% <= C < 25%	
	Eye Dam. 1: H318 C>= 25%	
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	Eye Irrit. 2: H319 10% <= C < 25%	
	STOT SE 3: H335 C>= 10%	

### Information on ingredients:

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

### **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

### 4.1. description of first aid measures

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

### In the event of swallowing:

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

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Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

#### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- hydrogen chloride (HCl)
- phosgene (CCl2O)
- chlorine (Cl2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

### For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

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### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always ground when decanting. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and make floors of non-conductive

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

### Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

Suitable packaging materials:

- Polyethylene

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

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### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits:

- European Unio	n (2022/431	2019/1831	2017/2398	2017/164	2009/161	2006/15/CF	2000/39/CF	98/24/CF) ·

CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes:
64-19-7	25	10	50	20	-

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
64-17-5		1000 ppm		A3	
64-19-7	10 ppm	15 ppm			
88-89-1	0.1 mg/m3				

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022) :

CAS	VME:	VME:	Excess	Notes
64-17-5		200 ppm		4(II)
		380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
64-19-7		10 ppm		2(I)
		25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
88-89-1		0.1 E mg/m <sup>3</sup>		1 (I)

- Canada / Ontario (Control of exposure to biological or chemical agents, regulation 491/2009) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
88-89-1	0.1 mg/m3	0.3 mg/m3			

- Canada / Quebec (Regulations on occupational health and safety) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
64-17-5	1000 ppm				
	1880 mg/m3				
64-19-7	10 ppm	15 ppm			
	25 mg/m3	37 mg/m3			
88-89-1	0.1 mg/m3				

- France (INRS - Outils 65 / 2021-1849, 2021-1763, decree of 09/12/2021):

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
64-17-5	1000	1900	5000	9500	-	84
64-19-7	10	25	20	50	-	-
88-89-1	-	0.1	-	-	*	-

- Japan (JSOH, Recommendation of occupational exposure limits 2021-2022):

tupun (toon, iteetimmenaanen er etterpanenar enpesare minis 2021 2022) :							
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:		
64-19-7	10 ppm 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>						

- Switzerland (Suva 2021):

CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations
64-17-5	500 ppm	1000 ppm		
	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
64-19-7	10 ppm	20 ppm		
	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
88-89-1	0.1 ppm	0.1 ppm		

- USA / NIOSH IDLH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
64-17-5	-	-	3300	-	-
64-19-7	10 ppm	15 ppm			
	25 mg/m3	37 mg/m3			
88-89-1	0.1 mg/m3	0.3 mg/m3		skin	



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- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
64-17-5	1000 ppm				
	1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
64-19-7	10 ppm	20 ppm			
	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
88-89-1	$0.1 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$0.3 \text{ mg/m}^3$			

### Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

### HYDROCHLORIC ACID

**Final use:**Exposure method:
Workers.
Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 8 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 15 mg of substance/m3

### ACETIC ACID ...% (CAS: 64-19-7)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 25 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 25 mg of substance/m3

### Final use: Man exposed via the environment.

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 25 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 25 mg of substance/m3

### ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 343 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 950 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 1900 mg of substance/m3



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Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 87 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 206 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 114 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 950 mg of substance/m3

### Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 36 µg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC :  $36 \mu g/l$ 

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 45 μg/l

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC:  $36 \mu g/l$ 

ACETIC ACID ...% (CAS: 64-19-7)

Environmental compartment: Soil.
PNEC: 0.47 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 3.058 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.3058 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 30.58 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 11.36 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 1.136 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 85 mg/l

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ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.63 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.96 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.79 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 2.75 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 3.6 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment.

PNEC: 2.9 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 580 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water predators (oral).

PNEC: 720 mg/kg

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

### - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)

### - Body protection

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.



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Suitable type of protective boots:

In the event of minor spatter, wear protective boots or half-boots against chemical risks in accordance with standard EN13832-2.

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In the event of prolonged contact, wear boots or half-boots with liquid-chemical-resistant and waterproof soles and uppers in accordance with standard EN13832-3.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1.	Information	on t	oasic p	hysical	and	chemical	properties	

Physical state

Fluid liquid. Physical state:

Colour

Color: Yellow

Odour

Odour threshold: Not stated.

**Melting point** 

Melting point/melting range: Not specified.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range: Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

> 35°C Boiling point/boiling range:

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%): Not stated. Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%): Not stated.

Flash point

Flash Point Interval: FP < 23°C

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Self-ignition temperature : Not specified.

**Decomposition temperature** 

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

pН

Not relevant. pH: Not stated. pH (aqueous solution):

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Not stated.

**Solubility** 

Water solubility: Soluble. Fat solubility: Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C): Not relevant.

Density and/or relative density

Density: < 1

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

9.2. Other information

VOC(g/l): 742.00



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### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- hydrogen chloride (HCl)
- phosgene (CCl2O)
- chlorine (Cl2)

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

### 11.1.1. Substances

### Acute toxicity:

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Oral route: LD50 = 10470 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Cat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 = 51 mg/l

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)



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Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Local lymph node stimulation test:

Non-Sensitiser.

Species: Mouse

OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)

Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GMPT): Non-sensitiser.

Species: Others

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

11.2. Information on other hazards

### **SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1. Toxicity

### 12.1.1. Substances

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

LC50 = 13000 mg/lFish toxicity:

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 858 mg/l

> Species: Artemia salina Duration of exposure: 24 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 275 mg/l

Species: Chlorella vulgaris Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)



EC10 mg/l

Species: Chlorella vulgaris Duration of exposure: 72 h

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OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

#### **12.1.2.** Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### 12.2.1. Substances

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Rapidly degradable. Biodegradability:

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

### German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws):

WGK 1 : Slightly hazardous for water.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2020 [40-20] - ICAO/IATA 2023 [64]).

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

1993

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1993=FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

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### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



### 14.4. Packing group

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F1	II	3	33	1 L	274 601 640D	E2	2	D/E
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage	Segregation	
								Handling		
	3	-	II	1 L	F-E. S-E	274	E2	Category B	-	
		,				•				
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	3	-	II	353	5 L	364	60 L	A3	E2	
	3	-	II	Y341	1 L	-	-	A3	E2	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

### **Container information:**

No data available.

### Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

### **Explosives precursors:**

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

### Particular provisions:

No data available.

### German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws):

WGK 1 : Slightly hazardous for water.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.



### REACTIF DE CATELLA - 17322-17320

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H201	Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period. LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period. EC50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response. ECr50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate. REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW: Body Weight

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

UFI : Unique formulation identifier. STEL : Short-term exposure limit TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02: Flame

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.